The **Goal**
To strengthen the resilience of African countries and communities through improved management of public health effects of climate variability and resource planning for climate-sensitive health outcomes, moving from the current reactive to a proactive mode.

**What?**
Clim-HEALTH Africa is the International Network for Climate and Health for Africa: a group of African and international institutions, including UN, academic, (inter)governmental institutions and (inter)national NGOs.

**Aims**
- To develop mechanisms and institutional capacity for implementation of climate-based public health early warning and response systems in Africa.
- To utilise early warning and response systems to provide timely response to climate-sensitive diseases and conditions.
- To develop and implement a climate change and health communication strategy.
- To provide African countries priority support on urgent public health issues related to climate change.

**Organisation**
- **Scientific Advisory Committee:** the advisory and decision-making body
- WHO (through AFRO/PHE): the coordination and day-to-day management

**Why?**
To contribute to the implementation of:
- The Libreville Declaration on Health and Environment in Africa
- The Luanda Commitment for the implementation of the Libreville Declaration
- The African Union Strategy for Climate Change and Health

**Find**
To develop and test climate-informed planning and forecasting data methods and tools in national decision-making.

**Operationalise**
To use evidence-based climate-informed planning and forecasting information to support environmental and public health interventions.

**Scale up and sustain**
To roll out the use of climate-informed planning tools including early warning and early response systems in order to prevent and mitigate public health impacts of climate variability and change in Africa.